

Appendix No: 'B' Item No: 'B-2'
SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY: TIRUPATI
SVU COLLEGE OF ARTS
DEPARTMENT OF CSEAP STUDIES

(Syllabus Common for S V University College and affiliated by SVU Area)
 (Revised Scheme of Instruction and Examination, Syllabus etc., with effect from the Academic
 Year's 2016-17 for I and II Semesters and 2017-18 for III and IV Semesters)
Revised CBCS Pattern with effect from 2016-17

M.A. Degree in History (Southeast Asian and Pacific Studies)
The course of Study and Scheme of Examinations

SEMESTER-I

S. No	Code	Title of the Course	Credit Hrs / Week	No. of Credits	Core / Elective	IA	SEE	Total Marks
1	SEAP-101	Early Cultural History of Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
2	SEAP-102	Regional Geography of Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
3	SEAP-103	Colonization of Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
4	SEAP-104	Ancient Indian History up to 1206 A.D.	6	4	Core	20	80	100
5.	SEAP-105	Modern European History, 1870-1991	6	4	CF	20	80	100
6.	SEAP-106	Human Values and Professional Ethics-I	6	4	EF	20	80	100
		Total	36	24		120	480	600

***All CORE Papers are Mandatory**

- **Compulsory Foundation - Choose one paper**
- **Elective Foundation - Choose one paper.**
- **Interested students may register for MOOC with the approval of the concerned DDC but it will be considered for the award of the grade as open elective only giving extra credits.**

SEMESTER-II

S. No	Code	Title of the Course	Credit Hrs / Week	No. of Credits	Core / Elective	IA	SEE	Total Marks
1	SEAP-201	Contemporary Cultural History of Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
2	SEAP-202	Modern History of China, 1839-1976	6	4	Core	20	80	100
3	SEAP-203	Regional Geography of South Pacific & East Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
4	SEAP-204	Medieval Indian History 1206 A.D.–1707 A.D	6	4	Core	20	80	100
5.	SEAP-205	Modern Indian History 1757-1965	6	4	CF	20	80	100
6.	SEAP-206	Human Values and Professional Ethics-II	6	4	EF	20	80	100
		Total	36	24		120	480	600

***All CORE Papers are Mandatory**

- **Compulsory Foundation - Choose one paper**
- **Elective Foundation - Choose one paper.**
- **Interested students may register for MOOC with the approval of the concerned DDC but it will be considered for the award of the grade as open elective only giving extra credits.**

SEMESTER-III

S. No	Code	Title of the Course	Credit Hrs / Week	No. of Credits	Core / Elective	IA	SEE	Total Marks
1	SEAP-301-A	a) Nationalism in Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
2	SEAP-301-B	b) Indochina (Cambodia, Laos & Vietnam) 1802-2000	6	4	Core	20	80	100
3	SEAP-301-C	c) Geopolitics of Asia-Pacific Region	6	4	Core	20	80	100
4	SEAP-302-A	a) Modern History of Japan 1854-1975	6	4	Generic Elective	20	80	100
	SEAP-302-B	b) East Asian Developments – Post Cold War	6	4		20	80	100
	SEAP-302-C	c) Indian Diaspora						
	SEAP-302-D	d) International Relations						
5	SEAP-303-A	(a) India and the World	6	4	Open Elective	20	80	100
	SEAP-303-B	(b) Emerging Asia and the World						
Total			36	24		120	480	600

* All CORE Papers are Mandatory

- Generic Elective - Choose two
- Open Electives are for the Students of other Departments. Minimum One Paper should be opted. Extra credits may be earned by opting for more number of open electives depending on the interest of the student through self study.
- Interested students may register for MOOC with the approval of the concerned DDC.

SEMESTER-IV

S. No	Code	Title of the Course	Credit Hrs / Week	No. of Credits	Core / Elective	IA	SEE	Total Marks
1	SEAP-401-A	a) Regional Cooperation in Southeast Asia	6	4	Core	20	80	100
2	SEAP-401-B	b) Economic Landscape of Asia-Pacific	6	4	Core	20	80	100
3	SEAP-401-C	c) Energy, Environment and Sustainable Development	6	4	Core	20	80	100
4	SEAP-402-A	a) Post-Cold War World order	6	4	Generic Elective	20	80	100
	SEAP-402-B	b) South Pacific Cultures				20	80	100
	SEAP-402-C	c) Developing Blue Economy	6	4		20	80	100
	SEAP-402-D	d) History of the USA from 1766-1963						
5	SEAP-403-A	(a) India-Australia Relations	6	4	Open Elective	20	80	100
	SEAP-403-B	(b) History of Modern Andhra Pradesh 1800-1956						
Total			36	24		120	480	600

* All CORE Papers are Mandatory

- Generic Elective - Choose two
- Open Electives are for the Students of other Departments. Minimum One Paper should be opted. Extra credits may be earned by opting for more number of open electives depending on the interest of the student through self study.
- Interested students may register for MOOC with the approval of the concerned DDC.

Guidelines to the Students of M.A. degree in History (Southeast Asian and Pacific Studies)

- The total number of minimum credits required to obtain MA degree is 94 (88 credits from the respective department and 6 credits from the other departments).
- A student shall have a minimum of 60 credits of core papers of the respective department
- A student shall have a minimum of 12 credits of foundations papers of the respective department
- A student shall have a minimum of 16 credits of Generic Electives
- A student shall have a minimum of 6 credits of Open Electives (to be registered from other departments)

I – SEMESTER

SEAPS-101: EARLY CULTURAL HISTORY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA (Core Paper – 5 Credits)

- I. 1) Sources of the study of the spread of Indian Culture
2) India-Southeast Asia Maritime Trade Patterns
- II. a) Funan and Chenla
1) Funan: Indian Origin and Political Expansion – Cult of Harihara
2) Foundation of Chenla and the greatness of Isanavarman – Cult of Bhadreswara
b) Champa
1) Origins – The Great Rulers and their Cultural contributions:
Bhadravarman, Sambhuvarman, Prakashadharmavikranthavarman and
Jaya Indravarman
2) Hindu Culture in Champa – Temples of Myson and Po Nagar
c) Kambuja Empire
1) Jayavarman II and Devaraja Cult – Yasovarman and Angkorian Empire –
Suryavarman II and Angkor Wat – Jayavarman VII and Angkor Thom and Bayon
2) Brahmanic literature in Southeast Asia.
- III. Pagan Empire
1) Pre-Pagan period – Mons and Pyus – Migration of Tibeto-Burmans
2) Pagan Period – Aniruddha the Great and Shwezigon temple – Kyanzitta and
Ananda temple – Mon Cultural influence on Pagan – Migrations of Chins
and Karens into Upper Burma.
3) Chapata and Sinhalese Buddhism in Burma
- IV. a) Buddhist Sailendras and Srivijaya Empire
1) Sailendras and Borobudur and other temples
2) Sailendra – Chola Relations
b) Hindu Javanese Kingdoms
1) Sanjaya and Mataram Dynasties – Hindu temples of Prambanan Valley –
The greatness of Airlangga
2) Kadiri Dynastys and Indo-Javanese Literature
3) The Greatness of Kritanagara and Siva Buddhism
- V. 1) Kublai Khan's Military invasions of Southeast Asia
2) Hegemony of Thais in Mainland Southeast Asia
3) Rise of Majapahit – King Jayanagara – Prime Minister Gajamada's Services
to Majapahit – Hindu Culture
4) Spread of Islam

Suggested Readings

1. Bose, Phanindra Nath, *The Hindu Colony of Champa*, (Adayar, 1927)
2. Cady, J.F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
3. Chatterji, B.R., *Indian Cultural Influence in Cambodia*, (Calcutta, 1928).
4. Coedes, George, *The Indianized States of Southeast Asia*, (Honolulu, 1968).
5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1968).
6. Keyes, Charles, F., *The Golden Peninsula*, (New York, 1977).
7. Le May, Reginald, *The Culture of Southeast Asia: The Heritage of India*, (London, 1964).
8. Majumdar, R.C., *Hindu Colonies in the Far East*, (Calcutta, 1973).
9. Provencher, Ronald, *Mainland Southeast Asia: An Anthropological Perspective*,
(New York, 1973).

SEAPS-102: REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)

I. Physical Make-up

Distribution of Land and Water – Topography – River Systems – Climatic Regions – Vegetation Types – Soils.

II. Resource Potentialities and Economic Base

Arable Land – Preponderance of Agricultural Economy – Forest Wealth – Marine Products – Exportable Surplus Raw Materials and Minerals – Trading Prospects.

III. Populations

Trends in Population Growth – Pattern of Population – Population Density – Post-Independence Migrations.

IV. Infrastructural Development

Transport and Communications – Industrial Development – Energy Production & Consumption – Health and Education.

V. Geostrategic Base

Locational Significance – Regional Variations – Zone of Confluence and Conflict.

Suggested Readings

1. Bradshaw, Michael, *A World Regional Geography*, (New York, 1997).
2. Cohen, B., *Monsoon Asia: A Map Geography*, (London, 1970).
3. Cole, John, *Geography of the World's Major Regions*, (London, 1996).
4. Dobby, E.H.G., *Southeast Asia*, (London, 1970).
5. Dutta, Ashok K., *Southeast Asia: Realm of Contrasts*, (Boulder: Colorado, 1985).
6. Fisher, C. A., *Southeast Asia: A Social, Economic and Political Geography*, (London, 1966).
7. Gordon East, W., Spate, O.H.K. and Fisher, Charles A., *The Changing Map of Asia*, (Norfolk, 1971).
8. Hill, R.D., *A Systematic Geography of Southeast Asia*, (Kuala Lumpur, 1979)
9. Salter, Christopher L., Hobbs, Joseph J., Wheeler Jr. Jesse H. and Trenton, Kostbade J., *Essentials of World Regional Geography*, (Sydney, 1998).
10. Spencer, J.E, and William L. Thomas, *Asia, East by South: A Cultural Geography*, (New York, 1971).

SEAPS-103: COLONISATION OF SOUTHEAST ASIA
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)

- I. Portuguese Conquest** of Malacca: Rise and fall of Portuguese Empire in the East.
- II. Colonisation of the Philippines** by Spain – The Dutch takeover of East Indies
- III. Colonial Conquest:** Dutch take over of East Indies - British Conquest of Malaya. Establishment of Straits Settlements – Federated Malay States and Unfederated Malay States – British Conquest of Burma: The Three Anglo - Burmese Wars – Establishment of British Protectorate over Brunei.
- IV. Colonial Policies and Administration:** Dutch Culture System and Ethical Policy – Economic Policies of other Colonial Powers: British, Spanish and U.S. Administrations.
- V. Developments in Thailand:** The Reigns of Mongkut and Chulalongkorn – Political and Economic Transformation of Thailand upto 1945.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bastian, John & J. Benda, Harry, *A History of Modern Southeast Asia*, (Englewood Cliffs, 1968).
- 2. Buss, Claude A., *Contemporary Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1970).
- 3. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
- 4. Christie, Clive J., *A Modern History of Southeast Asia: Decolonization, Nationalism and Separatism*, (Singapore, 1996).
- 5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
- 6. Harrison, Brian, *Southeast Asia: A Short History*, (London, 1954).
- 7. Kahin, G.M., *Nationalism and Revolution in Indonesia*, (Ithaca, 1952).
- 8. Kahin, G.M. (ed.), *Governments and Politics of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1966).
- 9. Purcell, Victor, *South and Southeast Asia Since 1800*, (Cambridge, 1965).
- 10. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1997).

SEAP-104: ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY UPTO 1206 A.D.
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)

- 1) Meaning and importance of the study of History – Impact of Geography on Indian History – The Features of Indus Valley Civilization – Vedic Culture – Conditions prevailed in Northern India in 6th Century B.C. – Jainism and Buddhism.
- 2) Mauryan Empire – Chandra Gupta – Ashoka - Decline of Mauryan Empire – Post-Mauryan period in North India
- 3) Kushans – Kanishka – Gupta Empire – Samudra Gupta – Golden age of Guptas – Pushyabhuti Dynasty – Harsha Vardhana – Contribution to Indian Culture.
- 4) Deccan and South Indian Kingdoms – Sangam Age – Satavahanas – Cholas – Chalukyas – Rastrakutas – Kakatiyas
- 5) Muslim Invasions – Ghazni Mohammed – Rajputs -- Ghori Mohammed – Effects of Muslim Invasions

Suggested Readings

- Mahajan, V.D. , Ancient India, (New Delhi, 1981)
Majumdar, R.C., *Ancient India*, (Calcutta, 1920)
Romila Thaper, *Ancient Indian History*, (Delhi; 1978)
Sastri, Neelakanta, *A History of South India* (Madras, 1956)
Sastri, Neelakanta, *History of India Vol I & II* (Madras)
Yazdani, G, *Early History of Deccan*, (Oxford, 1960).
Iswari Prasad, *Medieval India*, (Allahabad, 1974).
Smith, V.A., *Oxford History of India*. (Oxford, 1982).
History of India, Cambridge, (New Delhi, 2001).

SEAPS-105: MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY, 1870 - 1991
(Compulsory Foundation – 4 Credits)

- I. Franco-Prussian War – Paris Commune - The Third Republic – Bismarck and the Consolidation of German Empire.
- II. Big-power Interests and Conflicts in the Balkans - Russo-Turkish War, 1877 – Treaty of San Stefano and Congress of Berlin, 1878 and their Significance.
- III. Formation of Triple Alliance and Triple Entente – The Balkan Wars and their Results- Events leading to the World War I –Treaty of Versailles – Bolshevik Revolution, 1917 and its Impact on Colonial Asia.
- IV. Rise of Dictatorships in Germany and Italy -- Events leading to the World War II – Reconstruction of Europe – Marshall Plan – Origin and Growth of Cold War.
- V. Cold War Politics in Europe – Berlin Crisis – East Europe vs. West Europe – Role of super Powers – Collapse of Soviet Union – End of Cold War.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Dayal, Rahgubir, *A Textbook of Modern European History, 1789-1939*, (Bombay, 1977).
- 2. Ferguson, Wallace K., and Bruun, Geoffrey, *European Civilization*, (Boston, 1958).
- 3. Gooch, G.P., *History of Modern Europe*, (Delhi, 1979).
- 4. Hammond, D.Y., *Cold War and Detente*, (New York, 1975).
- 5. Joll, J., *Europe since 1870*, (London, 1973).
- 6. Ketelbey, C.D.M., *A History of Modern Times from 1789*, (Bombay, 1976).
- 7. Lipson, E., *Europe in the XIX and XX Centuries, 1815-1939*, (London, 1963).
- 8. Marriot, J.A.Rt., *A History of Europe*, (New Delhi, 1979).
- 9. Taylor, A.J.P., *Struggle for the Mastery in Europe, 1848-1918*, (Oxford, 1960).

SEAPS-106: HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-I
(Elective Foundation – 2 Credits)

- I.** Definition and Nature of Ethics-Its relation to Religion, Politics, Business, Law Medicine and Environment. Need and Importance of Professional Ethics-Goals-Ethical Values in various Professions.
- II.** Nature of Values-Good and Bad, Ends and Means, actual and potential Values, Objective and Subjective Values, Analysis of basic moral concepts- right, ought, duty, obligation, justice, responsibility and freedom, Good behavior and respect For elders, Character and Conduct.
- III. Individual and Society:**
- Ahimsa (Non-Violence), Satya (Truth), Brahmacharya (Celibacy), Asteya (Non possession) and Aparigraha (Non-stealing). Purusharthas (Cardinal virtues)-Dharma (Righteousness), Artha (Wealth), Kama (Fulfillment Bodily Desires), Moksha (Liberation).
- IV.** Bhagavad Gita-(a) Niskama karma. (b) Buddhism-The Four Noble Truths-Arya astance marge, (c) Jainism-mahavratas and anuvratas. Values Embedded in Various Religions, Religious Tolerance, Gandhian Ethics.
- V.** Crime and Theories of punishment-(a) Reformative, Retributive and Deterrent. (b) Views on manu and Yajnavalkya.

Suggested Readings

1. John S Mackenjkje: A manual of ethics.
2. "The Ethics of Management" by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.
3. "Management Ethics – integrity at work" by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books: New Delhi.
4. "Ethics in Management" by S.A. Sherlekas, Himalaya Publishing House.
5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today.
6. Maitra, S.K. Hindu Ethics.
7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics.
8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics.
9. Manu: Manu Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties.
10. Susruta Samhita: Tr. Kaviraj Kunjanlal, Kunjalal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit series, Vol I,II and III, Varnasi Voll OO, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
11. Caraka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series office, Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-1991.
12. Ethics; Theory and Contemporary Issues, Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
13. Analyzing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
14. An Introduction to Applied Ethics (Ed) John H. Piet and Ayodhya Prasad, Como Publications.
15. Text book for Intermediate logic, Ethics and Human Values, board of intermediate Education & Telugu Academic Hyderabad.
16. I.C Sharma Ethical Philosophy of India. Nagin & co Julundhar.

II – SEMESTER

SEAPS-201: CONTEMPORARY CULTURAL HISTORY OF SOUTHEAST ASIA (Core Paper – 5 Credits)

I. Colonialism and Spread of Christianity:

- a) Christian Missionary Activities and the Spread of Christianity under the European Colonial rule in Southeast Asia:
 - 1) Philippines (2) Burma (3) South Vietnam (4) Spice Islands (Molukkas)
- b) Impact of Colonialism on Southeast Asian Cultures.

II. Overseas Indians and Chinese in Southeast Asia:

Indians:

- 1) Factors contributing to Indian Emigration into Southeast Asia.
 - 2) Role of Indian Emigrants in Southeast Asia in the Struggle for Indian Freedom
 - 3) Indian National Army – R.B. Bose – Subhash Chandra Bose
- Chinese: Chinese Economic Domination and Political Ambitions – Problem of Integration into Host-communities.

III. Southeast Asian Culture Today

- a) Theravada Buddhist Societies.
- b) Islamic Societies.
- c) Christian Societies.
- d) Tribal Societies and their ways of life.

IV. Survivals of Indian Culture in Southeast Asia.

- 1) Balinese Hinduism
- 2) Cham Hindu Culture.
- 3) Little India in Singapore.
- 4) Ramayana and Mahabharata in Southeast Asia.

V. Nation Building in Southeast Asia.

- 1) Ethnic Conflicts in Southeast Asia.
- 2) Efforts at National Integration.

Suggested Readings

1. Bahadur Singh, I.J., *Indians in Southeast Asia*, (New Delhi, 1981).
2. Boon, James A., *The Anthropological Romance of Bali*, (Cambridge, 1977).
3. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
4. Fisher, Charles, A., *Southeast Asia: A Social, Economic and Political Geography*, (New York, 1966).
5. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (New York, 1968).
6. Keyes, Charles, F., *The Golden Peninsula*, (New York, 1977).
7. Landan, K.P., *Southeast Asia: Crossroad of Religions*, (London, 1969).
8. Leber, Frank, et. al., *Ethnic Groups of Mainland Southeast Asia*, (New Haven, 1964).
9. Osborne, Milton E., *Southeast Asia*, (London, 1979).
10. Provencher, Ronald, *Mainland Southeast Asia: An Anthropological Perspective*, (New York, 1973).
11. Sandhu, K.S. & A. Mani, *Indian Communities in Southeast Asia*, (Singapore, 1993).
12. Siddique, Sharon and Nirmala Purushotam, *Singapore's Little India*, (Singapore, 1990).

SEAPS-202: MODERN HISTORY OF CHINA, 1839 – 1976
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)

- I. Early Western Contacts – Opium Wars – Taiping Rebellion – Unequal Treaties – Sino-Japanese War, 1894 – Scramble for Concessions - Open Door Policy - Reform Movement: Kang Yu-Wei- Hundred Days Reform, 1898 – The Boxer Uprising - Manchu Reform Programme.
- II. Sun Yat-Sen – Revolution of 1911 – The Republic – Yuan Shi-Kai – May Fourth Movement – Warlordism - Reorganisation of Kuomintang.
- III. Chiang Kai-Shek - Rise of Kuomintang – Origin and Growth of Chinese Communist Party - Mao Tse-Tung - Long March – Second World War – Civil War, 1945-49 - Establishment of Peoples' Republic of China – Korean War, 1953-1954.
- IV. Reconstruction and Consolidation, 1949-52 – Transition to Socialism, 1953-57 – Hundred Flowers Campaign – Great Leap Forward – Cultural Revolution, 1965-68 – Reconstruction, 1968-76.
- V. People's Republic of China's Relations with the USA, the USSR, India, Taiwan and South and North Korea.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Ahmed. L. L., *A Comprehensive History of the Far East*, (New Delhi, 1981).
- 2. *Cambridge Encyclopaedia of China*, (Cambridge, 1982).
- 3. Chesneaux, Jean and others, *History of China*, Vol.1.2, (New Delhi, 1985).
- 4. Chien-nung, Li, *The Political History of China, 1840-1928*, (California, 1979).
- 5. Clyde, P.H., and Beers, B.F., *The Far East: A History of Western Impact and Eastern Responses 1830-1975*, (New Delhi, 1976).
- 6. David, M.D., *The Making of Modern China*, (Bombay, 1993).
- 7. Hsu, Immanual, C.Y., *The Rise of Modern China*, (London, 1985).
- 8. Shouyi, Bai (ed.), *An Outline History of China*, (Beijing, 1982).
- 9. Vinacke, Harold M., *A History of the Far East in Modern Times*, (Ludhiana, 1978).

**SEAPS-203: REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF SOUTH PACIFIC AND EAST ASIA
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)**

I. Physical Setting

- (a) South Pacific: (1) The Insularity and Island Types - Preponderance of Water Body and Preeminence of EEZs – Landforms, Climate, Soils and Vegetation Types in the Island Realm
(2) Natural Regions of Australia.
(b) East Asia: Landforms, Soils, Vegetation and Climate.

II. Resource Base and Potentialities

- (1). Australia's Abundant Mineral Wealth (2) New Zealand's modest Mineral and Forest Resources (3) Limited Terrestrial and Marine Resources of the Island Realm
(4) Japan's Human Resources and Technological Development (5) Agricultural base and Mineral Wealth of China.

III. Economic Character

- (1) Australia's Export Economy (2) New Zealand's Pastoral Industry (3) Island Realm: Subsistence Farming – Economic Dependency (4) China: Intensive Capital Investment in State-owned Industrial Sector – Shift to Market Economy, (5) Japan: Imported Raw Materials and Energy vis-a-vis Leading Exporter of Manufactured goods – Regional Development Assistance.

IV. Population

- (1) High Density Coastal Fringes of Australia and New Zealand – Increasing Urbanization in the Region (2) Over Population Tendencies in the Island Realm (3) Issues of Highly Populous China – Marginal Population Growth in Japan and Korea.

V. Infrastructural Development

- (1) Well-developed Transport & Communication System, High Energy Production, Better Education and Health in Australia, New Zealand, Japan and South Korea (2) Improper Infrastructural Development in the South Pacific Island Realm, (3) Moderate Infrastructure and Modernization in China.

Suggested Readings:

1. Bergsmark, D.R., *Economic Geography of Asia*, Vol. 2, (Jaipur 1996).
2. Cole, John, *Geography of World's Major Regions*, (London, 1996).
3. Dobby, E.H.G., *Monsoon Asia*, Vol. 5 (London, 1961).
4. Heintzelman, O.H. and R.M. Highsmith, Jr., *World's Regional Geography*, (New Delhi, 1965).
5. Kolb, A., *Geography of a Cultural Region: East Asia*, (London, 1963).
6. Salter, Christopher L., Hobbs, Joseph J., Wheeler Jr. Jesse H. and Trenton, Kostbade J., *Essentials of World Regional Geography*, (Sydney, 1998).
7. Stamp, L. Dudley, *A Regional Geography: Asia, Australia and New Zealand*, (London, 1956).
8. Wheeler, Jr. Jesse H., Trenton Kostbade J. and Thoman, Richard S., *Regional Geography of the World*, (New York, 1969).

**SEAPS-204: MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORY 1206 A.D. – 1707 A.D.
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)**

- 1) Delhi Sultanate – Slave Dynasty – Khilji Dynasty – Tughlaq Dynasty – Lodi Dynasty – Downfall of Delhi Sultanate
- 2) Socio-cultural contribution of Delhi Sultanate -- Sufi and Bhakti Movements
- 3) Mughal Empire – Babur – Humayun -- Akbar – Sher Shah – Jahanghir -- Shahjahan – Aurangzeb – Downfall of Mughal Empire
- 4) Socio-economic conditions – Trade and Commerce – Urban life – Administration of Sher Shah -- Akbar’s Religious Policy – Architecture
- 5) Rise of Regional powers – Marathas – Sivaji – Sikhs -- Advent of Europeans – British East India Company

Suggested Readings:

- Majumdar, R.C., *Ancient India*, (Reprint), Calcutta, 2004)
Romila Thaper, *Ancient Indian History*, (Delhi; 1988)
Sastri, Nilakanta, *A History of South India* (Madras, 1956)
Sastri, Nilakanta, *History of India Vol I & II* (Madras)
Iswari Prasad, *Medieval India*, (Allahabad, 1974).
Smith, V.A., *Oxford History of India*. (Oxford, 2000).
Sharma, L.P., *History of Medieval India*, (New Delhi, 1997)

SEAP-205: MODERN INDIAN HISTORY 1757 – 1965
(Compulsory Foundation – 4 Credits)

- I. Advent of Europeans – Anglo – French conflict – Expansion and consolidation of British power in India – Governor Generals – Robert Clive – Lord Cornwallis – Permanent Settlement of Land Revenue – Lord Wellesly – Subsidiary Alliance – William Bentinck – Reforms – Lord Dalhousie – Doctrine of Lapse.
- II. First War of Independence, 1857 – Causes and Failure of the revolt – Establishment of the rule of British Crown – Viceroys - Lord Ripon – Lord Curzion – Freedom Movement – Rise of Nationalism – Establishment of Indian National Congress – Partition of Bengal – Swadeshi Movement – Muslim League – Home Rule Movement– Annie Besant – Constitutional Reforms, 1909 and 1919.
- III. Cultural change and Religious Reform Movement – Rise of Modern Education and Press – Social Reform Movement.
- IV. Gandhian Era – Non Cooperation Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement – Round Table Conferences – Government of India Act, 1935 – Quit India Movement – Partition of India – Indian Independence
- V. Integration of Princely states – Sardar Vallabhai Patel – States Reorganisation – Indian Constitution – Declaration of Republic – Five Year Plans – Jawaharlal Nehru – Policy of Nonalignment

Suggested Readings

- Bipan Chandra, *Modern India : A Text Book*, (New Delhi, 1986)
Grover B.C. and Sethi R.R., *A New Look on Modern Indian History*, (New Delhi, 1992)
Majumdar, R.C *History of Freedom Movement in India* (Calcutta, 1962). Aggarwala, R.N., *National Movement and Constitutional Development of India* (Delhi, 1984).
Sarkar, Sumit, *Modern India, 1885-1947* (Delhi, 1983)
Bipan Chandra, *India's Struggle for Independence* (New Delhi, 1969)
Spear, Percival, *The Oxford History of Modern India*, 1974-1974, (New Delhi, 1997).
Kashyap, Subhasuc, *History of Freedom Movement, 1885-1947*, (New Delhi, 1990).
Roberts, P.E., *History of British India*, (London, 1952).

SEAPS-206: HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS-II
(Elective Foundation – 2 Credits)

- I.** Value Education-Definition – relevance to present day – Concept of Human Values – self introspection – Self esteem. Family values – Components, structure and responsibilities of family – Neutralization of anger – Adjustability- Threats of family life – Status of women in family and society – Caring for needy and elderly- Time allotment for sharing ideas and concerns.
- II.** Medical ethics- Views of Charaka, Suchruta and Hippocrates on moral responsibility of medical practitioners. Code of ethics for medical and healthcare professionals. Euthanasia, Ethical obligation to animals, Ethical issues in relation to health care professionals and patients. Social justice in health care, human cloning. Problems of abortion. Ethical issues in genetic engineering and Ethical issues raised by new biological technology or knowledge.
- III.** Business ethics- Ethical standards of business-Immoral and illegal practices and their solutions. Characterizes of ethical problems in management, ethical theories, causes of unethical behavior, ethical abuses and work ethics.
- IV.** Environmental ethic- Ethical theory, man and nature-Ecological crisis. Pest control, pollution and waste, Climate change, Energy and population. Justice and environmental health.
- V.** Social ethics- Organ trade, Human trafficking, Human rights violation and social disparities, Feminist ethics, Surrogacy/pregnancy. Ethics of media – Impact of Newspapers, Television, Movies and Internet.

Suggested Readings

1. John S Mackenjkjie: A manual of ethics.
2. “The Ethics of Management” by Larue Tone Hosmer, Richard D. Irwin Inc.
3. “Management Ethics – integrity at work” by Joseph A. Petrick and John F. Quinn, Response Books: New Delhi.
4. “Ethics in Management” by S.A. Sherlekas, Himalaya Publishing House.
5. Harold H. Titus: Ethics for Today.
6. Maitra, S.K. Hindu Ethics.
7. William Lilly: Introduction to Ethics.
8. Sinha: A Manual of Ethics.
9. Manu: Manu Dharma Sastra or the Institute of Manu: Comprising the Indian System of Duties.
10. Susruta Samhita: Tr. Kaviraj Kunjanlal, Kunjalal Brishagratha, Chowkamba Sanskrit series, Vol I,II and III, Varnasi Voll OO, 16-20, 21-32 and 74-77 only.
11. Caraka Samhita: Tr. Dr. Ram Karan Sarma and Vaidya Bhagavan Dash, Chowkambha Sanskrit Series office, Varanasi I, II, III Vol I PP 183-1991.
12. Ethics; Theory and Contemporary Issues, Barbara Mackinnon, Wadsworth/Thomson Learning, 2001.
13. Analyzing Moral Issues, Judith A. Boss Mayfield Publishing Company, 1999.
14. An Introduction to Applied Ethics (Ed) John H. Piet and Ayodhya Prasad, Como Publications.
15. Text book for Intermediate logic, Ethics and Human Values, board of intermediate Education & Telugu Academic Hyderabad.

III – SEMESTER

SEAPS-301-A: NATIONALISM IN SOUTHEAST ASIA (Core Paper – 5 Credits)

I. The Philippines: Replacement of the Spanish rule by the American Rule

Origin and Growth of Nationalist Resistance to Spanish rule – Early Filipino Nationalist Leaders: Jose Rizal, Andres Bonifacio, Emilio Aguinaldo – Spanish-American War of 1898 and American Annexation of the Philippines – The Process of Filipinisation: Organic Act, 1902, Jones Act, 1916, Tydings McDuffie Act, 1934 – Japanese Occupation of the Philippines – End of World War II and the attainment of Independence.

II. Burma

Growth of Burmese Nationalism during and after World War I – Anti-footwear Movement, 1916-17 – Movement for Dyarchy 1921-22 – Saya San Rebellion 1931 – Burma's separation from India – The Thakin Movement – AFPFL – British reoccupation and transfer of power to the Burmese.

III. Indonesia

Emergence of Indonesian Nationalist Leadership: Kartini Movement, Boedi Utomo, Sarekat Islam, – 'Volksraad' – Communist Party of Indonesia (PKI), Indonesian Nationalist Party (PNI). Impact of the World War II on Indonesian Nationalist Movement – Post-World War II Developments: Proclamation of Indonesian Republic – Linggadjati Agreement – First Police Action – Renville Agreement – Second Police Action – New Delhi Conference on Indonesia – Hague Conference – Transfer of Power to Indonesia.

IV. Malaysia

Post-World War II Malaya – Communist bid to grab power – Establishment of UMNO, 1946 – Events leading to the Independence of Malaya – Establishment of Malaysia 1963 – Independence of Singapore, 1965.

V. Brunei

British Administration – Attainment of Independence in 1984.

Suggested Readings

1. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
2. Christie, Clive J., *A Modern History of Southeast Asia: Decolonization, Nationalism and Separatism*, (Singapore, 1996).
3. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
4. Laothamatas, Anek (ed.), *Democratization in Southeast Asia and East Asia*, (Singapore, 1997).
5. Pluvier, J.M., *Southeast Asia: From Colonialism to Independence*, (Kuala Lumpur, 1977).
6. Purcell, Victor, *South and Southeast Asia Since 1800*, (Cambridge, 1965).
7. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1997).
8. Suryaranarayan, V., *Singapore: Path to Independence*, (Madurai, 1977).
9. Tarling, Nicholas (ed.), *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, Vols. I & II, (Cambridge, 1992).
10. Tarling, Nicholas, *Nations and States in Southeast Asia*, (Cambridge, 1998).
11. Tate, D.J.M., *The Making of Modern Southeast Asia*, Vols. I & II, (Kuala Lumpur, 1977).

**SEAPS-301-B: INDOCHINA (CAMBODIA, LAOS AND VIETNAM), 1802 – 2000
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)**

- I.** Early Western Contacts – French Conquest of Cochin-China, Establishment of Protectorates over Cambodia, Laos and Annam and Tongking.
- II.** French Administration – Political, Economic and Social effects –Growth of Nationalism – World War II and Japanese Occupation of Indochina – Effects Declaration of ‘Independence’. Re-imposition of French rule, 1945 – Struggle for Freedom – Ho Chi Minh and Viet Minh – Democratic Republic of Vietnam – Khmer Issark and Pathet Lao movements in Cambodia and Laos – Bao Dai Experiment – Franco- Vietnamese, Franco - Cambodian and Franco- Laotian Agreements, 1948-49.
- III.** Cold War and its effects on Indochina – Sihanouk’s crusade for Independence – Developments in Vietnam and Laos – Battle of Dien Bien Phu – Geneva Conference of 1954 – Provisions and their working – International Control Commissions.
- IV. Post-Geneva Developments:**
- a) **Vietnam:** Internal Developments in Two Vietnams – Problems of Reconstruction in DRVN – Diem’s rule in the Republic of Vietnam – Struggle for unification – National Front for the Liberation of South Vietnam – Provisional Revolutionary Government and DRVN – US involvement – Paris Agreement, 1973 – Overthrow of Thieu Regime –Unification of Vietnam.
- b) **Cambodia:** Abdication of King Norodom Sihanouk – Sihanouk’s rule – Struggle for Neutrality–Overthrow of Sihanouk – Lon Nol’s rule, 1970-75 – Overthrow of Lon Nol.
- c) **Laos:** RLG Agreement with the Pathet Lao, 1956 – Vientiane Agreement, November 1951 – Geneva Agreement 1962 – Standstill Ceasefire Agreement, 1973 -Vientiane Agreement, 1973 – Formation of PGNU, 1974 – Proclamation of LPDR, 1975.
- V.** Vietnam – Cambodians Conflict – Chinese Invasion on Vietnam – Cambodian problem – Collapse of Soviet Union – Integration of Indochina in to ASEAN.

Suggested Readings

1. Buttinger, Joseph, *Vietnam: A Political History*, (Andre Deutsch, 1969).
2. Cady, John F., *Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development*, (New York, 1964).
3. Dommen, J, *Conflict in Laos: The Politics of Neutralization*, (New York, 1964).
4. Hall, D.G.E., *A History of Southeast Asia*, (London, 1976).
5. Hammer, Ellen J., *The Struggle for Indochina*, (Stanford, 1956).
6. Marr, D.G., *Vietnamese Anti-Colonialism 1885-1925*, (Berkeley, 1971).
7. Murthy, B.S.N., *Vietnam Divided*, (Bombay, 1964).
8. Reddi, V.M., *A History of the Cambodian Independence Movement, 1862-1955*, (Tirupati, 1970).
9. Sardesai, D.R., *Southeast Asia: Past and Present*, (New Delhi, 1981).
10. Tarling, Nicholas, (ed.), *The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia*, (Two Volumes) (Cambridge, 1992).

SEAPS-301-C: GOPOLITICS OF ASIA–PACIFIC REGION
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)

I. Geostrategic Perspectives of Southeast Asia

- (a) Intra-regional Issues: (1) Persistent Boundary Disputes (2) Maritime Boundary Controversies: Overlapping Territorial claims -- EEZs -- Strategic Significance of South China Sea –Paracels and Spratlys; (b) Strategic Significance of Southeast Asia; (c) Southeast Asia: a Theatre of Cold War.

II. Geopolitical Landscape of South Pacific

- (a) Region's Strategic Significance and Security Concerns.
- (b) Australia's Security Concerns and Interests – Security Engagement with Southeast Asia – Aid Commitment in South Pacific; (c) South Pacific Environmental Security;
- (d) Australia's Strategic and Commercial Interests in the Indian Ocean.

III. Indo - Pacific Realm an arena of Geopolitical Contest:

- (a) Geopolitical implications of Indian Ocean on Southeast Asia and Australia.
- (b) Divergence in the Security Perceptions of India, Southeast Asia and Australia.
- (c) Extra-regional Powers' Perceptions of Regional Security Issues – IOZOP and ZOPFAN.

IV. Cold War Bipolarity and Asia-Pacific

- (a) Super Powers' Involvement in Asia-Pacific Region – Korean Crisis, Vietnam War – Regional Defence Pacts: ANZUS Pact, SEATO, FPDA.
- (b) Policies of China and Japan in Asia-Pacific; India's Outlook towards Asia-Pacific.

V. Post-Cold War Geopolitical Dynamics

- (a) Geopolitical Transition from Military-strategic Pursuits to Geoeconomics.
- (b) Convergence of Security perspectives in Indo-Pacific Realm.
- (c) Multilateral Forums & Confidence Building Measures: APEC, ARF, AFTA, SPF, SPREP.
- (d) New World Order under Geopolitics.

Suggested Readings

1. Henningham, S., *The Pacific Island States: Security and Sovereignty in the Post Cold War World*, (London, 1995).
2. Joo-Jack, Lim, *Geostrategy and the South China: Regional Balance, Maritime Issues, Future*, (Singapore, 1979).
3. Kaul, Man Mohini, *Pearls in the Ocean: Security Perspectives in the South-West Pacific*, (New Delhi, 1993).
4. Connors, M.K., Davison, R. and Dosch, J., *The New Geopolitics of the Asia-Pacific*, (London, 2004).
5. Nijman, Jan, *The Geopolitics of Power & Conflict: Superpowers in the International System, 1945-1992*, (London, 1993).
6. Sandy Gordon, *Security and Security Building in the Indian Ocean Region*, (Canberra, 1996).
7. Vali, Ferne A., *Politics of the Indian Ocean Region: The Balance of Power*, (London, 1976).

SEAPS-302-A : MODERN HISTORY OF JAPAN 1854 – 1975
(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)

- I. Early Western Contacts - The Tokugawa Shogunate - Opening of Japan - Meiji Restoration-Political, Economic, Social and Military Transformation.
- II. Japan's Expansion: Korea-Anglo-Japanese Alliance, 1902 – Russo-Japanese War, 1904 – Japan's role in the World War I - The Paris Peace Conference.
- III. Political Developments during the Inter-War Period: The Washington Conference – Manchurian Crisis - Rise of Militarism - Role of Japan in the World War II.
- IV. US Occupation: Political, Social and Economic Transformation – San Francisco Conference, 1951 – Post War Economic Development of Japan.
- V. Japan's Relations with the Soviet Union, the USA, China, India, South and North Korea.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Ahmed. L. L., *A Comprehensive History of the Far East*, (New Delhi, 1981).
- 2. Beasley, W.G., *The Modern History of Japan*, (London, 1970).
- 3. Clyde, P.H., and Beers, B.F., *The Far East: A History of Western Impact and Eastern Responses 1830-1975*, (New Delhi, 1976).
- 4. Duus, Peter, *The Rise of Modern Japan*, Boston, 1976).
- 5. Mikiso, Hane, *Modern Japan: A Historical Survey*, (London, 1986).
- 6. Norman, E.H., *Japan Emergence as Modern State*, (Delhi, 1977).
- 7. Pierre Lehmann, Jean, *The Roots of Modern Japan*, (London, 1987).
- 8. Reischauer, Edwin O., *Japan: Past and Present*, (London, 1964).
- 9. Vinacke, Harold M., *A History of the Far East in Modern Times*, (Ludhiana, 1978).

**SEAPS-302-B: EAST ASIAN DEVELOPMENT – POST COLD WAR
(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)**

- I. The End of Cold War** – Disintegration of Soviet Union – Emergence of New World Order.
- II. China:** Post Cold War threat Perceptions – Diplomacy towards Southeast Asia -- China and Central Asia – Shangai Cooperation – Growing Relations with Russia – Conflict and Cooperation with the USA – Policy towards Taiwan – China’s quest for Energy.
- III. Japan:** Security concerns in the Post Cold War era – Japan’s strengthened relations with the USA – Diplomacy towards ASEAN – Fragile relations with China – Japan’s perceptions of North Korean nuclear programme – Changed Policy towards India.
- IV. The Korean Peninsula:** Changing security environment – The North Korea’s nuclear issue – The US-North Korea conflict – China’s mediation – S. Korea and N. Korea conflict and cooperation – South Korea and the US relations.
- V. The East Asian Economic Cooperation :** Development of ASEAN+3 Mechanism – The emergence of forming of East Asian Community (EAC) – Role of China and Japan in the formation of EAC – Role of India in the EAC – East Asian Economic Summit 2005 – Road towards formation of Asian Economic Community.

Suggested Readings

- 1) Ahmed,LL, *A Comprehensive History of the Far East*, (New Delhi, 1981)
- 2) Alagappa, Muthiah(ed), *Asian Security Practice*, (California, 1998)
- 3) Cronin, Richard P, *Japan, the United States and Prospects for Asia – Pacific Security*, (Singapore, 1992).
- 4) Gurong, Shen and Sen Gupta, *China Looks at the World*, (Delhi, 1999).
- 5) Kumar, Nagesh, *East Asian Economic Community*, (New Delhi, 2005)
- 6) Nanda, Prakash, *Rediscovering Asia : Evolution of India’s Look East Policy*, (New Delhi, 2003).
- 7) National Institute for Defence Studies, Japan, *East Asian Strategic Review*, 2005, (Tokyo, 2006)
- 8) Rabindrasen, *China and ASEAN : Diplomacy during and after*, (Howrah, 2002).
- 9) Singh, R.S.N., *Asian Strategic and Military Perspective*, (New Delhi, 2005).
- 10) Singh, Swaran, *China, South Asia : Issues, Equations, Policies*, (New Delhi, 2002).
- 11) Taylor, Robert, *Greater China and Japan : Prospects for an Economic Partnership in East Asia*, (London, 1996)
- 12) Vohra, *India and East Asia*, (Delhi, 2002)

SEAPS-302-C: INDIAN DIASPORA
(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)

Indian Emigration in Ancient India

- a) Sources for Study of Migration B) Factors contributing for Migration
- c) Case Study: Southeast Asian Region

Indian Emigration during Colonial Period

- a) Factors contributing for Migration,
Socio-economic contribution to host countries, Economic and Political Status
- b) Case Studies: Myanmar (Burma) Malaysia and Singapore
Fiji, Mauritius, Sri Lanka, Africa and Caribbean Islands

III. Indian Emigration during Post-Independent period

- a) Factors promoting migration
Socio-economic contribution to host countries and the country of origin
(India)
- b) Case Studies: USA, Europe, Australia and Gulf Countries (West Asia)

IV. Indian Communities abroad: Moves at Unity and Cooperation

- a) GOPIO: Establishment and growth
- b) The role of Indian Diaspora in National Reconstruction and image building in International Fora and in host countries

V. Indian Diaspora and India's Policy

- a) Trends in India's policy towards Indian Diaspora
- b) Pravas Bharatiya Divas (PBD) Conventions of 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006

Suggested Readings:

1. Arasarathnam, Sinnappah, *Indians in Malaysia and Singapore*, (London, 1970) Tinker, Hugh, *The Banyan Tree*, (New York, 1977)
2. Chakravarthi, Nalini Ranjan, *The Indian Minority in Burma*, (Bombay, 1971).
3. Ghosh, Lipi and Ramakrishna Chatterjee, (ed.), *Indian Diaspora in Asian and Pacific Regions: Culture, People, Interactions*, (New Delhi, 2004).
4. Gupta, Anirudha, "Overseas Indians: Patterns, Myths and Misconceptions," in *International Conference on the Indian Diaspora*, (November 1st & 2nd, 1994, University of Hyderabad).
5. Jain, Prakash, C., "Gulf Migration and its impact," in *International Conference on the Indian Diaspora*, (November 1st & 2nd, 1994, University of Hyderabad).
6. Mayer, Adrian, C., *Peasants in the Pacific*, (London, 1973)
7. Motwani Jagat K. (ed.), *Global Indian Diaspora: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow*, (New York, 1993).
8. Nagarajan, S., *Tamils Abroad : Non – Asian Countries*, Tamil University Pub. No. 173 (1995)
9. Saha, Panchanan, *Emigration of Indian Labour*, (Delhi, 1970).
10. Sandhu, K.S. and Mani, A. (ed.), *Indian Communities in Southeast Asia*, (Singapore, 1994)
11. Singh, Bahadur, I.J., *Indians in Southeast Asia*, (New Delhi, 1984).

SEAPS-302-D: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

Unit I. International Relations: Meaning and Scope – **Nation-State** – Its Features – National Power: Elements of National Power - Balance of Power – **Diplomacy:** Kinds of Diplomacies.

Unit II. Cold War: Phases of Cold War - Disintegration of Soviet Union and its impact - **Nonaligned Movement:** Origin and Growth – Role and Relevance of the Movement - **Third World:** Impact of emergence of Third World – North - South Conflict and South- South Cooperation – New International Economic order (NIEO) – Role of International Law.

Unit III. Foreign Policies of India, the USA, Russia, and China.

Unit IV. League of Nations – Structure – Achievements of the League – Cause for the failure of the League.

Unit V. United Nations – Principal organs – Its specialized agencies – collective Security – UN and Regional security parts – U N and Human Rights and Terrorism – Achievements of U N: Political, social and Economic cooperation UN: Challenges and future.

Suggested Readings

1. Chander, Prakash and Arora, Prem, *Studies in International Relations*, (New Delhi, 1989).
2. 3. Jackson, Robert and Sorensen, George, *Introduction to International Relations*, (Oxford, 1999).
3. Morgenthau, Hans J., **Politics Among Nations**, (Calcutta, 1969).
4. Palmer, N.D. and Perkins, H.C., **International Relations: The World Community in Transition**, (Calcutta, 1969).
5. Sharma, Premlata, **International Relations**, (Jaipur, 1996).
6. Sharma, Urmila and Sharma, S.K., **International Relations: Theory and History**, (Delhi, 1997).
7. Srivatsava, L.N., **International Relations**, (Delhi, 1999).
8. United Nations, **Emergencies United Nations**, (New York, 1959).
9. Bosu, Rukmi, **The United Nations: Organization** (Delhi 1992).
10. Gupta, DC, **The League of Nations**, (Delhi 1974).
11. Singh, Sukhibir, **Structure and Function** of (Delhi 1995).
12. Bennelt, Le Roy A: **International Organization: Principals and Issues**, (New Jersu, 1995).
13. Trivedi, Sonu, **A Handbook of International Organization**, (New Delhi 2005).

SEAPS-303-A: INDIA AND THE WORLD
(Open Elective – 3 Credits)

I. India and Non-Aligned Movement

India's Policy of Non-Alignment: Jawaharlal Nehru as messenger of Peace.
Indira Gandhi Period - India's Non-Aligned Policy after the end of Cold War.

II. India and the United Nations

Indian role in the founding of the UNO - India's Participation in the Principal organs of UNO – India and the Kashmir issue at the UNO - India and the Proposed reconstruction of the UNO.

III. India – US Relations

India and the USA – Similarities and Irritants - Indo-US Relations during the Cold War Period – Shadow of U.S. - Pakistan relations on India – Partnership in the War against Terrorism.

IV. India- Russia Relations

Cordial Relations during Nehru time – Relations during Indira Gandhi Period – Indo-Soviet Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation and the Bangladesh crisis – India – Russia relations after the Cold War.

V. India, the Arab World and European Union

Suggested Readings

1. Bosu, Rukmi, *The United Nations: Organisation*, (Delhi, 1992).
2. Chopra, V.D., *India and the Socialist World*, (New Delhi, 1983).
3. Dixit, J.N, *My South Block Years: Memories of Foreign Policy*, (New Delhi, 1996).
4. Dixit, J.N, *Across Borders: Fifty Years of India's Foreign Policy*, (New Delhi, 1998).
5. Jha, N.K., (ed), *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, (New Delhi, 2000).
6. Prasad, Bimla (ed.), *India's Foreign Policy Studies*, (New Delhi, 1979).
7. Rajan, M.S., *Nonalignment & Nonaligned Movement: Retrospect and Prospect*, (New Delhi, 1990).
8. Rasgotra, M. & Chopra, V.D., (eds.), *India's Relations with Russia & China*, (New Delhi, 1997).

SEAPS-303-B: EMERGING ASIA AND THE WORLD
(Open Elective – 3 Credits)

- I. Economic and Social Progress in Asia – Economic Growth and Developing Countries – Trends of Trade among Asian Countries – Asian Economic Crisis and Recovery – Economic Integration
- II. Foreign Direct Investments in Asia – China’s Economic Revolution – India’s Look East Policy – Dynamics of Japan’s Economy
- III. Maritime Security – Drug and Human Trafficking – Sea Lanes of Communication – South China Sea – India and the Indian Ocean.
- IV. 21st Century and Asian Regionalism – ASEAN, SAARC and EAS – Influence of Extra Regional Powers – Growing Significance of India, China, Japan and S. Korea
- V. Energy Geopolitics – The Race for Nuclear Technology/Weapons – International Terrorism – West and Central Asian Energy and its Impact on Asian Economy and Security.

Suggested Readings:

Campos, Jose Edgardo, and Hilton L. Root. 1996. *The Key to the Asian Miracle: Making Shared Growth Credible*. Washington, D.C.: Brookings Institution.

Dreze, Jean and Amartya Sen. 2002. *India: Development and Participation*. Oxford University Press.

Noman, Omar. 1997. *Economic and Social Progress in Asia: Why Pakistan Did Not Become a Tiger*. Karachi: Oxford University Press.

Shirk, Susan L. 1993. *The Political Logic of Economic Reform in China*. University of California Press. Berkeley.

Katz, Richard. 1998. *Japan The System That Soured: The Rise and Fall of the Japanese Economic Miracle*. Armonk, N.Y.: M.E. Sharpe.

Michael Mastanduno, “Incomplete Hegemony: the United States and Security Order in Asia,” in Alagappa, ASO, pp. 141-170.

Avery Goldstein, “Balance-of-Power Politics: Consequences for Asian Security Order,” in Alagappa, ASO, pp. 171-209.

Mitchell B. Reiss, “Prospects for Nuclear Proliferation in Asia,” in Tellis & Wills (eds.), *Strategic Asia 2005-06*, pp. 333-360.

Muthiah Alagappa (ed.), *The Long Shadow: Nuclear Weapons and Security in 21st Century Asia*.

Ashley J. Tellis, Travis Tanner, and Jessica Keough eds, *Strategic Asia 2011-12: Asia's Responds to Its Rising Powers*, The National Bureau of Asian Research, Seattle.

IV - SEMESTER

SEAPS-401-A: REGIONAL COOPERATION IN SOUTHEAST ASIA (Core Paper – 5 Credits)

I. Identification of Southeast Asia as a Region: Mountbatten and SEAC.

Early Attempts at Regional Cooperation:

The Philippines Proposal of Pacific Union – SEATO (1954) – Bandung Conference (1955) – Five Power Defence Treaty – ASA (1963) – MAPHILINDO (1963).

II. Formation of ASEAN

Circumstances leading to the Establishment of ASEAN - Aims & Objectives – First Decade of ASEAN – Emergence of Communism in Indochina and its Impact on ASEAN – **Cambodian Problem and ASEAN's Response** – ASEAN's opposition to Vietnam's intervention in Cambodia – Establishment of ASEAN-sponsored CGDK – Settlement of the Cambodian Problem – Paris Peace Accords of 1991.

III. Road to ASEAN-10

Admission of Brunei (1984), Vietnam's Admission (1995), Myanmar and Laos Membership (1997) – Cambodia joins as last country (1999).

IV. ASEAN Summit Meetings

V. ASEAN's Economic and Security Cooperation – Establishment of ARF (1993) – Annual Meetings of ARF – AFTA.

Suggested Readings

1. Fawcett, Louise and Hurrell, Andrew (eds.), *Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organization and International Order*, (Oxford University Press, New York, 1995).
2. Fifield, Russel H., *Southeast Asia in United States Policy*, (Frederck A. Praeger, New York, 1963).
3. Ganesan, N., *Bilateral Tensions in Post-Cold War ASEAN*, (Institute of Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS), Singapore, 1999).
4. Mahathir Bin Mohamad, *Regionalism, Globalism and Spheres of Influence: ASEAN and the Challenge of Change into the 21st Century*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1989).
5. Rigg, Jonathan, *Southeast Asia: A Region in Transition*, (Routledge, London, 1994).
6. Sueo, Sekiguchi and Makito, Noda (eds.), *Road to ASEAN-10: Japanese Perspectives on Economic Integration*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1999).
7. Tan, Joseph L.H. (ed.), *Afta in the changing international economy*, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1996).

**SEAP-401-B: ECONOMIC LANDSCAPE OF ASIA-PACIFIC
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)**

I. Regional Economic Character

Natural Resources of Asia-Pacific Region – Southeast Asia: Locational significance – Growth of agricultural economy – Rise of Industrial economies – N I Es – Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand and Indonesia.

II. Economies of East Asia

U.S. Japan Alliance - Rise of Japan – China: Deng Xiao Ping Economic Policies – Growth of China after the Cold War.

III. Significance of South Pacific

Australia: Active engagement in agriculture and food production – Mining - farm economy to open market economy. New Zealand: Agriculture, Animal Husbandry – Industrial potentials.

IV. Economic Cooperation across the Asia – Pacific

Regional Economic Groups in Asia-Pacific: ASEAN, ESCAP-APEC-EAS.

V. International Economic Cooperation

Economic Reforms – Foreign Trade – FTAs – AFTA –EEZ's - Effects of Globalization.

Suggested Readings

1. Bhagawathi, J. (Ed), **International Trade, Selected Readings**, Cambridge University Press, Massachusetts, (1981).
2. L.M. Bhole: **Financial Institutions and Markets: Structure, Growth, and Innovations**, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Paul R. Krugman & Maurice Obstfeld **International Economics**, Addison Wesley Longman (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Delhi, 2000.
4. Dilip K. Das, **Asian Economy and Finance: A Post – Crisis Perspective**, Springer Publisher, New York, 2005.
5. Jon, D. Kendall, Donghyun Park, Randolph Tan, **East Asian Economic Issues**, World Scientific Publishers, New York, 1997.
6. Mohamed Ariff and others, **Afta in the Changing International Economy**, (ISEAS, Singapore, 1996).
7. **Regional outlook – Southeast Asia (2001-2005)** (ISEAS, Singapore, 2000).
8. **The Far East and Australasia** (Ed.) (Europa Publications, England, 2002).
9. World Bank, **World Development Reports**, Oxford University Press, New York.
10. W. T. O. Regionalism and the World Trade Systems.

**SEAPS-401-C: ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT
(Core Paper – 5 Credits)**

- I.** Introduction – Types of energy sources, Demand and supply – Estimates of energy reserves – Energy Resources and Investment – Overview of global / India's energy scenario.
- II.** Environmental effects of energy extraction, conversion and use – primary and secondary pollutants – consequence of pollution and population growth – pollution control methods and impacts.
- III.** Defining Environmental Security - Green technologies for addressing the problems of Water, Energy, Health, Agriculture and Biodiversity
- IV.** Types of Renewable Energy: solar, wind and nuclear energy – Low-cost and no-cost ways to save energy – The potential for solar energy, other renewable energy, and conservation.
- V.** Development and the of Green Energy – biodiversity and ecosystems and their implications for sustainable development – major environmental issues: climate change and global warming, greenhouse gas emissions – assessment of its impact, mitigation and adaptation.

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Ristinen, Robert A. Kraushaar, Jack J. AKraushaar, Jack P. Ristinen, Robert A., 2006, Energy and the Environment, 2nd Edition, Wiley, New York.
- 2. Energy and the Challenge of Sustainability, World Energy assessment, UNDP, N York, 2000.
- 3. Hinrichs, Roger A. and Merlin Kleinbach. 2002. Energy: Its Use and the Environment, New York: Harcourt.
- 4. IEA, 2012, Energy Policies of IEA Countries, Australia, 2012, Review, International Energy Agency.
- 5. Korin, Anne and Gal Luft (Editors). 2009. Energy Security Challenges for the 21st Century: A Reference Handbook, Praeger, NY.
- 6. Priest, Joseph . 1991. Energy: Principles, Problems, Alternatives (New York: Addison-Wesley.
- 7. Smil, V. (2000) "Energy in the Twentieth Century: Resources, conversions, costs, uses and consequences," Annual Review of Energy and the Environment.
- 8. Tester, Jefferson W., Elisabeth M. Drake, Michael J. Driscoll, Michael W. Golay, William A. Peters. 2005. Sustainable Energy: Choosing Among Options, Cambridge, the MIT Press.
- 9. E H Thorndike, Energy & Environment: A Primer for Scientists and Engineers, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, <http://maysero.ru/vumezoru.pdf>
- 10. D W Davis, Energy: Its Physical Impact on the Environment, John Wiley & Sons
- 11. Nebojsa Nakicenovic, Arnulf Grubler and Alan McDonald, Global Energy Perspectives, Cambridge University Press, 1998.
- 12. Environment – A Policy Analysis for India, Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.Environmental Considerations in Energy Development, Asian Development Bank, Manila (1991).
- 13. Fowler, J.M., Energy and the Environment, 2nd Ed. ,McGraw Hill, New York, 1984.
- 14. Energy: Science, Policy, and the Pursuit of Sustainability by Robert Bent, 2002.
- 15. Richard D. Morgenstern, 2005, New Approaches on Energy and the Environment: Policy Advice for the President, Resources for the Future.

SEAPS-402-A: POST COLD WAR WORLD ORDER
(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)

1. Contemporary World Order: End of Cold War – United States as pre-eminent power – Its effects on International Relations - Relevance of Non-Aligned Movement in the Post-Cold War era.
2. Globalization and World Trade Organization – Role of Multinational Corporations (MNCs).
3. North-South Relations – Demand for New International Economic Order (NIEO) – The Present International Economic Order.
4. Human Rights – Terrorism – Non-State Actors in International Relations.
5. Experiments in Regional and Multilateral Cooperation – Role of Regional Associations – Structure and character of OAU, OAS, EEC, ASEAN, APEC, ASSRC and EAC – Emerging Multipolar World

Suggested Readings

1. Trivedi, Sonu, *A Hand Book of International Organizations*, (New Delhi, 2005).
2. Bennett, A. LeRoy, *International Organizations: Principles and Issues*, (New Jersey, 1995).
4. McGrew, Anthony and Brook, Christopher (ed.), *Asia-Pacific in the New World Order*, (London, 1998).
5. Micheal Yahuda, *The International Politics of the Asia-Pacific, 1945-1995*, (London, 1996).

SEAPS-402-B: SOUTH PACIFIC CULTURES

(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)

I. Indigenous People and their Ways of Life

- (a) South Pacific : Archaeology and Settlement – Peopling of Pacific : Australoids, Melanosoids, Papuans, Polynesians and Micronesians.
- (b) Culture Areas and Indigenous Life Ways:
1) Melanesia 2) Polynesia 3) Micronesia

II. European Colonization and Socio-economic Transformation

- a) European Discovery of Pacific Islands.
- b) European Colonization – Christian Missionaries.
- c) Introduction of New Economic Activities and Influx of Aliens.
- d) Alien's Cultural Influence on Native People and Acculturation.
- e) Independent States and Plural Societies.

III. Fiji : Society

- a) British Colonial Administration and Indenture System – Fiji Indians and Sugarcane Cultivation.
- b) British Protection of Fijian Interests and Empowerment.
- c) Indigenous Fijian and Fiji-Indian Relations under Colonial rule.
- d) Fiji Independence and Racially-biased Constitutions and Ethnic Problems – Fiji – Indians fight for Equal Rights.

IV. New Zealand : Society

People of Indian origin – Socio-economic contribution – Cultural reproduction and Identity.

V. Australian Society

- 1. Aboriginal Australia : Settlement Process – Native Ways of life.
- 2. James Cook's Discovery of Australia.
Aborigines in White Australia
 - a) Whiteman's Policy towards Aborigines.
 - b) Aborigines and Human Rights – Stolen Generation' a case of Human Rights Violation.
 - c) Fight of Equal Rights and Free State
Movement towards Multiculturalism – Equal Opportunity Legislation.

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bambrick, Susan (ed), *The Cambridge Encyclopedia of Australia*, (New York, 1994).
- 2. Cumberland, Kenneth B., *Southwest Pacific*, (London, 1968).
- 3. *The Far East and Australia* (Yearbooks), (London).
- 4. *Far Eastern Economic Review, Asia Yearbooks*.
- 5. Harding, T.G. and Ben J., Wallace (ed.), *Cultures of the Pacific*, (New York), pp.304-315.
- 6. Scott, Earnest, *A Short History of Australia*, (London, 1973).
- 7. Brookfield, H.C. and Doreen Hart, *Melanesia*, (London, 1971).
- 8. Burns, Sir Alan, *Fiji*, (London, 1963).
- 9. Harding, Thomas G. and Ben J. Wallace (ed.), *Cultures of the Pacific*, (London, 1970).
- 10. Howard, Alan (ed.), *Polynesia : Readings on a Culture Area*, (London, 1971).
- 11. Mayer, Adrian C., *Indians in Fiji*, (Bombay, 1963).
- 12. William H. Alkines, "An Introduction to the Peoples and Cultures of Micronesia", in *Current Topics in Anthropology*, Vol. V, (1972), pp.1-56.

SEAPS-402-C: DEVELOPING BLUE ECONOMY

(Generic Elective – 4 Credits)

1. Importance of Blue Economy-Key Economic Issues: Food Security-Demand for Protein - Rising Coastal Tourism-Surging of Seaborne Trade-Demand for Alternative Sources of Energy - Managing Coastal Urbanisation-Improving Ocean Health -Providing Marine Governance-Ocean Technologies
2. Guiding Principles of Blue Economy- Efficient Utilization of Marine Resources-Exploiting Opportunities in Emerging Marine Industries- Inclusive and Harmonious Growth with sustainability concerns- Creating Legal and Regulatory Institutions
3. Elements of Blue Economy: Fisheries and Aquaculture- Ports and Shipping- Deep-Sea Oceanic Resources-Marine Biotechnology -Marine Services
4. Ocean Energy: Relevance of Ocean Renewable Energy- SDGs in the context of Blue Economy- Potential, Current Status and Demand Pattern of Renewable Energy-Cost of Ocean Renewable Energy-Importance of Ocean Renewable Energy in SIDS- Importance and Status of Ocean Renewable Energy for IORA-Factors Affecting Growth of Renewable Energy
5. Technology Driven Emerging Sectors: Offshore and Deep-Sea Oceanic Resources- Deep-Sea fishing- Emerging Cruse Sector -Marine Biotechnology- Marine Derived Pharmaceuticals

Suggested Readings:

1. Charles S Colgan, *“Measurement of the Ocean and Coastal Economy: Theory and Methods”* National Ocean Economics Project, USA, 2004
2. Charles S Colgan, and Judith Kildow, *“Understanding the Ocean Economy within Regional and National Contexts”*, Centre for the Blue Economy, Monterey Institute of International Studies, Monterey, CA, 2013
3. Gunter Pauli, *“The Blue Economy: 10 years, 100 innovations, 100 million jobs”*, Paradigm Publications, 2010
4. Michael Conathan, and Scott Moore, *“Developing a Blue Economy in China and the United States,”* Centre for American Progress, 2015
5. P. Stenzel, *“Resource Assessment for Osmotic Power Plants in Europe and Worldwide”*, in F. Lienard, and F. Neumann, (eds.), *Salinity Gradient Power in Europe: State of the Art*, Sustainable Energy Week, Brussels, 2011,
6. Rui Zhao, *“The Role of the Ocean Industry in the Chinese National Economy: An Input-Output Analysis”*, Centre for the Blue Economy, Monterey Institute of International Studies, Monterey, CA, 2013,
7. UNCTAD, *“The Oceans Economy: Opportunities and Challenges for Small Island Developing States*, New York, and Geneva, 2014

SEAPS-402-D: HISTORY OF THE USA FROM 1766 TO 1963

- I. Geographical Features of North America – The Colonial background – American War of Independence – Causes and Consequences – Formation of Confederation – Framing of the Constitution – Its salient features – George Washington as the first President – Administration of John Adams.
- II. Thomas Jefferson and his Republicanism – Thomas Madison and the War of 1812 – Its causes, nature and significance – James Munroe : Internal and External Policies – Andrew Jackson and his Democracy – Territorial expansion: Luisiana Purchase, 1803 and the acquisition of Florida, 1819 – Manifest Destiny: Annexation of Texas, 1845 – Settlement of Oregon, 1846.
- III. The Mexican War, 1846-1848 – Causes and Results – Issue of Slavery and the anti-slavery movement – Missouri Compromise 1820 and the compromise of 1850 – Abraham Lincoln and the Civil War – Causes, Course, Significance.
- IV. Reconstruction after the Civil War – Growth of big business and giant Trusts – Agrarian unrest – Labour Problems and Trade Union Movement – Progressive Movement (1900-1917) – The era of Theodore Roosevelt; William H Taft and Woodrow Wilson
- V. American Imperialism – Spanish-American war, 1898 – The Open door Policy in China – USA and the First World War – Wilson’s Fourteen Points and the Peace Treaty of 1919 – Washington Conference 1921-1922 – Great Depression 1929-33 – F.D. Roosevelt: New Deal and Good Neighborly Policy – USA and the Second World War – Beginning of the Cold War – Truman Doctrine – Administration of Eisenhower and John F Kennedy

Suggested Readings

1. Allen, H.G., *Great Britain and the United States*, (New York, 1955)
2. Brannon, J.H., *History of the Americas*, (New York, 1963)
3. Board, C.A. and Mary R.Board, *New Basic History of the United States* (New York, 1960)
4. Billington, R.A., *American History* (Peterson, 1963)
5. Current R.N.W. and Others, *American History: A Survey*, (New York, 1979)
6. Daniels W.M., *American Indians*, (New York, 1957)
7. Franklin J.H., *From Slavery to Freedom*, (Chicago, 1966)
8. Hill, C.P., *A History of the United States* (New York, 1965)

SEAPS-403-A: INDIA – AUSTRALIA RELATIONS

(Open Elective – 3 Credits)

I. Basic Linkages of India-Australia Relations

- a) Geographical Proximity as Littoral States of Indian Ocean.
- b) Commonalities based on:
 - (1) geological past, (2) mining conditions, (3) climate, (4) colonial legacy, (5) concerns over Indian Ocean security
- c) Complementarities in Economic and Trade Relationships.

II. Political Issues and Security Concerns

- a) Nehru - Menzies Ideological Estrangement
- b) Australia's Positive Response on the eve of Chinese aggression
- c) Australia's Initiatives and India's Reluctance for Defence Cooperation
- d) Australia-India Approaches to the Indian Ocean Security

III. Economic and Trade Relations

- a) Economic and Technical Cooperation – Colombo Plan and after
- b) Trade Imbalance

IV. Post - Cold War Initiatives

- a) India's Look East Policy
- b) Australia's Look West Policy
- c) Joint Business Councils:
 - (1) Investment, (2) Scientific and Technical Cooperation, (3) Trade

V. Strategic and Security Concerns

- (1) Australia's Recognition of India's Security Concerns.
- (2) Australia's Reaction to India's Nuclear tests.
- (3) Strategic Dialogue and Partnerships.
- (4) Impact of India-U.S. Bonhomie on the India - Australia Relations.

Suggested Readings

1. Banerjee, D., *Towards an Era of Cooperation : An Indo-Australia Dialogue*, (New Delhi, 1995).
2. Department of Defence, *Australia's Strategic Policy*, (Canberra, 1997).
3. Evans, G. and Grant, B., *Australia's Foreign Relations in the World of the 1990s*, (Carton: Victoria, 1995).
4. Greenwood, G. and Norman, H., *Australia in World Affairs, 1950-55, 1956-1960, 1961-1965, 1966-1970*, (Cheshire, 1957, 1963, 1968, 1974).
5. McPherson, K. and Panandikar, V.A.P., *India- Australia: Public Policy Conference*, (New Delhi, 1996).
6. Neelamegham, S. Midgley, D. and Sen, C., *Enterprise Management: New Horizons in Indo- Australian Collaboration*, (New Delhi, 1999).
7. Senate Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs, Defence and Trade, *Australia-India Relations: Trade and Security*, (Canberra, 1990).
8. Vicziany, Marika (ed.), *Australia-India, The Economic Links: Past, Present and Future*, (Nedlands: Western Australia, 1993)
9. Watt, A., *The Evolution of Australian Foreign Policy, 1938-1965*, (London, 1967).

SEAPS-403-B: HISTORY OF MODERN ANDHRA 1800 - 1956

(Open Elective – 3 Credits)

Unit I : Political conditions in Andhra in 1800. Andhra under the Company 1802-1857- Revolts of the Zamindars and the Polaigars – the Permanent Revenue Settlement – Sri Thomas Munro and the Ryotwari Settlement – Decline of Agriculture, Handicrafts, Trade and Commerce – Drought and Famines – Irrigation facilities – Sir Arthur Cotton and the construction of Godavari and Krishna anicuts.

Unit II : Andhra Under the Crown – The Revolt of 1857 – Its effects on Andhra – Renaissance in Andhra – Social Reform Movement in Andhra – K. Veeresalingam and R. Venkataratnam Naidu, Political awakening in Andhra - Madras Mahajana Sabha – Kakinada Literary Association – Political and Economic conditions in Telangana – Social and Cultural awakening – Komarraju Lakshmana Rao – Establishment of Krishnadevaraya Andhra Bhashanilayam (1901).

Unit III : Freedom Movement in Andhra Nyapati Subba Rao – Konda Venkatappayya – Besant’s Home Rule Movement – Duggirala Gopala Krishnayya – Pedanandipadu on tax Campaign – Alluri Sitarama Raju – Rampa Rebellion – Salt Satyagraha – Role of T. Prakasam – The Quit India Movement – Independence.

Unit IV: Political Awakening in Telangana – Formation Andhra Jana Sangha at Hyderabad State Congress – Swami Ramananda Tirtha – The Vandemataram incident in Osmania University – Razakar Regime – Police Action in Hyderabad – Integration of Hyderabad State with India.

Unit V : Movement for the formation of Andhra State – Bapatla Conference – Andhra Mahasabha its activities upto 1943 – establishment of Andhra University (1926) – Rayalaseema Mahasabha – Sri Bagh Pact – J.V.P. Report Partition Committee Swamy Sitaram’s fast – Martyrdom of Potti Sriramulu – Formation of Andhra State (1953) – State Reorganisation Commission – Gentlemen’s Agreement (1956) and Emergence of Andhra Pradesh (1956).

Suggested Readings:

1. P. Raghunadha Rao, History of Modern Andhra, (1988)
2. Mamidipudi Venkatarangayya, History of Andhra Pradesh, (4 Volumes), 1985
3. Rao, K.V.N., The Emergence of Andhra Pradesh, (Guntur, 1973)
4. Ramana Rao, G.V., Economic Development of Andhra Pradesh, 1766 to 1957, (Hyderabad, 1958)
5. Ramakrishna, V., Social Reform in Andhra, 1848-1918, (1983)